

## SSLS121 - Subjected laminated plate with elementary loadings

---

### Summary:

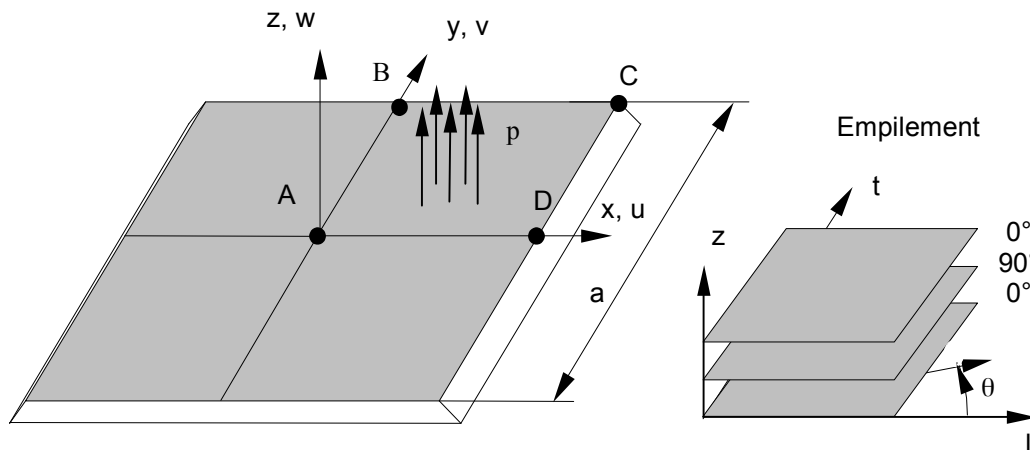
This test represents the quasi-static calculation of a laminated plate, composed of 3 layers of orthotropic material, subjected to 4 elementary loadings.

The plate is modelled in finite elements `DST` (meshes QUAD4), it is located in a plan  $XZ$  and tilted of 48.5 degrees compared to  $X$  (to check the changes of reference mark).

In this test, the plane constraints and stresses shear transverse, are compared with an analytical reference solution.

## 1 Problem of reference

### 1.1 Geometry



Width  $a=100\text{mm}$  , thickness  $h=1\text{mm}$  .

### 1.2 Properties of material

The properties of material constituting each of the three layers of the plate are the following ones:

Orthotropic material:

$$\begin{aligned} E_l &= 25 \text{ MPa} & E_t &= 1 \text{ MPa} \\ G_{lt} &= G_{lz} = 0.5 \text{ MPa} & G_{tz} &= 0.2 \text{ MPa} \\ \nu_{lt} &= 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

Stacking:

- orientation:  $[0/90/0]$
- thickness:  $[h/4/h/2/h/4]$

### 1.3 Boundary conditions and loadings

The loadings are applied in order to obtain uniform states of stresses in the plate:

- Loading case 1:  $M_{xx} = 1$  in the plate
  - Embedding on  $AD$
  - Moment distributed on  $BC$  :  $MX = 1$
- Loading case 2:  $M_{yy} = 1$  in the plate
  - Embedding on  $AB$
  - Moment distributed on  $CD$  :  $MY = 1$
- Loading case 3:  $Q_X = 1$  in the plate
  - Embedding on  $AD$
  - Effort distributed on  $BC$  :  $FZ = 1$
- Loading case 4:  $Q_Y = 1$  in the plate
  - Embedding on  $AB$
  - Effort distributed on  $CD$  :  $FZ = 1$

## 2 Reference solution

### 2.1 Method of calculating used for the reference solution

Analytical solution [bib1].

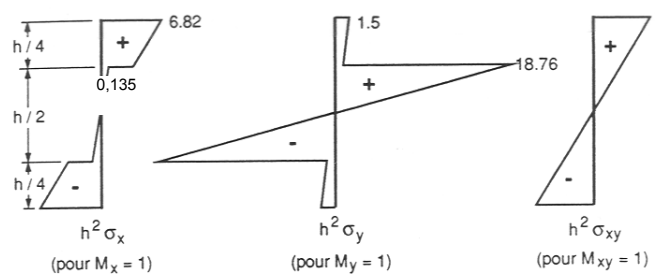
### 2.2 Results of reference

The results of reference are the following:

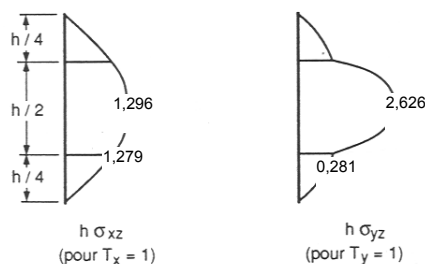
Loading case	Constraints	Value (Mpa)	Comments
$M_{xx} = 1$	$SIXX(z = -h/2)$ Lay down 1	- 6.82	Constraint $\sigma_{xx}$ on the lower skin of layer 1
	$SIXX(z = -h/4)$ 2 sleep	- 0,135	Constraint $\sigma_{xx}$ on the lower skin of layer 2
$M_{yy} = 1$	$SIYY(z = -h/2)$ Lay down 1	- 1.5	Constraint $\sigma_{yy}$ on the lower skin of layer 1
	$SIYY(z = -h/4)$ 2 sleep	- 18.76	Constraint $\sigma_{yy}$ on the lower skin of layer 2
$QX = 1$	$SIXZ(z = -h/4)$ 2 sleep	1,279	Constraint $\sigma_{xz}$ on the lower skin of layer 2
	$SIXZ(z = 0)$ 2 sleep	1,296	Constraint $\sigma_{xz}$ on the average skin of layer 2
$QY = 1$	$SIYZ(z = -h/4)$ 2 sleep	0.28125	Constraint $\sigma_{yz}$ on the lower skin of layer 2
	$SIYZ(z = 0)$ 2 sleep	2.62625	Constraint $\sigma_{yz}$ on the average skin of layer 2

The pace of the distribution of the constraints in the thickness of the plate is the following one:

1) Contraintes planes:



2) Contraintes de CT:



### 2.3 Uncertainties on the solution

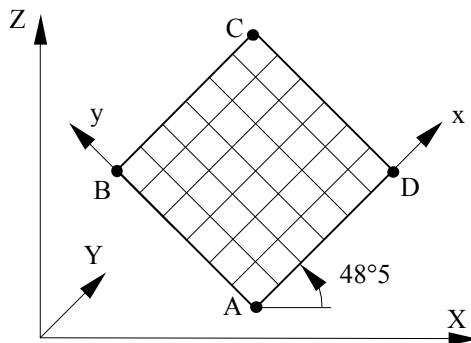
Worthless (analytical solution).

## 2.4 Bibliographical references

- 1) Dhatt-Batoz "Modeling of the structures by finite elements, Volume 2" Pages 246-250 Hermes Edition.

## 3 Modeling A

### 3.1 Characteristics of modeling



Modélisation DST (QUAD4)

- La plaque est située dans le plan  $Y = 0.5$
- Point A (0.4 ; 0.5 ; 0.25)

### 3.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 49  
Number of meshes and type: 36 QUAD4

### 3.3 Values tested

Loading case	Identification	Reference
$M_{xx} = 1$	$SIXX(z = -h/2)$ down 1	lay - 6.82
	$SIXX(z = -h/4)$ sleep	2 - 0,135
	$SIYY(z = -h/2)$ down 1	Lay - 1.5
$M_{yy} = 1$	$SIYY(z = -h/4)$ sleep	2 - 18.76
	$SIXZ(z = -h/4)$ sleep	2 1,279
$QX = 1$	$SIXZ(z = 0)$ 2 sleep	1,296
	$SIYZ(z = -h/4)$ sleep	2 0.28125
$QY = 1$	$SIYZ(z = 0)$ 2 sleep	2.62625

## 4 Summary of the results

The very good agreement of the results with the analytical solution validates the calculation of the constraints for a composite plate in an unspecified reference mark, at various levels thickness.