

SSLS07 - Thin cylinder under uniform axial loading

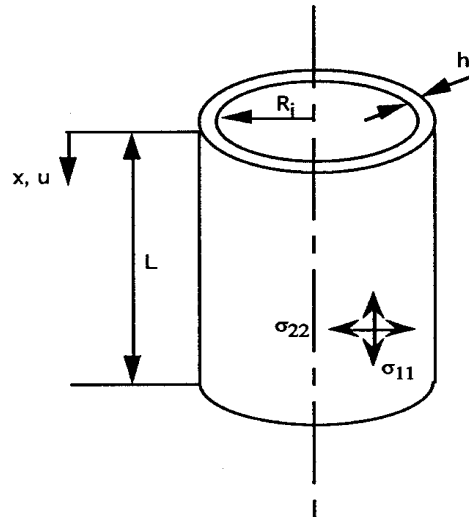
Summary:

The purpose of this test from guide VPCS (SSLS 07/89) is to validate a linear loading (`FORCE_POUTRE`) in axisymmetric modeling.

One will use for that the 2 orders: `AFFE_CHAR_MECA` (modeling A) and `AFFE_CHAR_MECA_F` (modeling B).

1 Problem of reference

1.1 Geometry



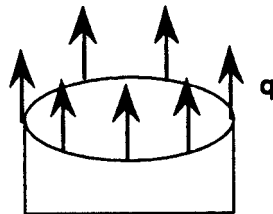
Average radius : $R_o = 1\text{ m}$
Thickness : $h = 0.02\text{ m}$
Height : $L = 4\text{ m}$
Internal ray : $R_i = R_o - h/2$

1.2 Material properties

Young modulus : $E = 2.1 \times 10^{11}\text{ Pa}$
Poisson's ratio : $\nu = 0.3$

1.3 Boundary conditions and loadings

- Axial displacement no one at the low end ($u=0$) + conditions of symmetry
- Uniform axial loading per unit of length $q=10000\text{ N/m}$, applied at the high end



1.4 Initial conditions

Without object for the static analysis.

2 Reference solution

2.1 Method of calculating used for the reference solution

Axial stress: $\sigma_{11} = \frac{q}{h}$

Circumferential constraint: $\sigma_{22} = 0$

Lengthening of the cylinder: $U_x = \frac{qL}{Eh}$

Radial displacement: $U_r = -\frac{q \nu R_0}{Eh}$

2.2 Results of reference

$$\sigma_{11} = 5 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$U_x = 9.52 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}$$

$$U_r = -7.14 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

2.3 Uncertainty on the solution

Analytical solution.

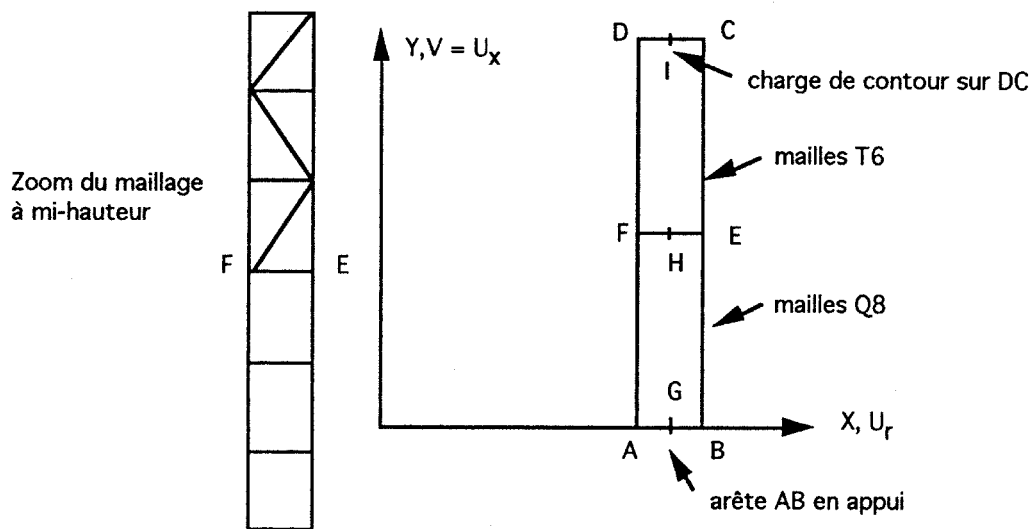
2.4 Bibliographical reference

- 1) Guide VPCS – Edition 1990 (SSLS 07/89)
- 2) R.J. ROARK and W.C. YOUNG: Formulated for stress and strain, 5^{ème} edition, New York, Mc Graw-Hill, 1975

3 Modeling A

3.1 Characteristics of modeling

AXIS, T6 meshes and Q8



Position of the points:

- E, F with middle height
- G, H, I remotely R_o axis

Cutting: 100 elements according to the height
1 element in the thickness

Limiting conditions: $DY = 0$
on AB

Loading: Force distributed = 500,000
on CD

Name of the nodes:

Not $A = N1$ Not $C = N452$ Not $E = N201$ Not $G = N51$ Not $I = N503$
Not $B = N101$ Not $D = N504$ Not $F = N203$ Not $H = N202$

3.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 553
Many meshes and types: 50 QUAD8, 100 TRIA6, 204 SEG3

3.3 Values tested

| Localization | Type of value | Reference |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------------|
| Points G, H, I | $u_r(m)$ | $-7.14 \cdot 10^{-7}$ |
| Points C, D, I | $u_x(m)$ | $9.52 \cdot 10^{-6}$ |

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Points <i>A, B, C, D, E, F, G</i> | $\sigma_{22}(Pa)$ | 0. |
| Points <i>A, B, C, D, E, F, G</i> | $\sigma_{11}(Pa)$ | $5. 10^{-5}$ |

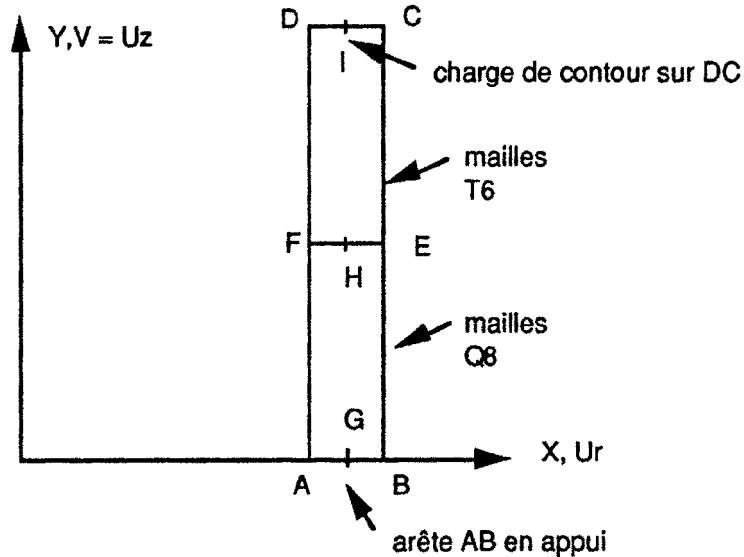
3.4 Notice

The value F_y provided corresponds to the pressure $p = q/h$.

4 Modeling B

4.1 Characteristics of modeling

AXIS, T6 meshes and Q8



Position of the points:

- E, F with middle height
- G, H, I remotely R_o axis

Cutting: 100 elements according to the height
1 element in the thickness

The load is broken up in the following way:

- load $q1$ varying linearly from 0 in D with $10000 N/m$ in C : field of displacements **U1**
- load $q2$ varying linearly $10000 N/m$ in D to 0 in C : field of displacements **U2**

The results are given separately for each field **U1** and **U2**.

Name of the nodes:

Not $A=N1$ Not $C=N452$ Not $E=N201$ Not $G=N51$ Not $I=N503$
Not $B=N101$ Not $D=N504$ Not $F=N203$ Not $H=N202$

4.2 Characteristics of the grid

Many nodes: 557

Many meshes and types: 50 QUAD8, 100 TRIA6, 204 SEG3

4.3 Values tested

| Fields | Localization | Type of value | Reference |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|------------------------|
| U1 | Not $G(N51)$ | $u_r(m)$ | $-3.583 \cdot 10^{-7}$ |
| | Not $H(N202)$ | | $-3.583 \cdot 10^{-7}$ |
| | Not $I(N503)$ | | $-1.012 \cdot 10^{-6}$ |

| | | | |
|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------------------|
| | Not $C(N452)$ | $u_x(m)$ | 4.896. 10 ⁻⁶ |
| | Not $D(N504)$ | | 4.658. 10 ⁻⁶ |
| | Not $I(N503)$ | | 4.777. 10 ⁻⁶ |
| U2 | Not G | $u_r(m)$ | - 3.559. 10 ⁻⁷ |
| | Not H | | - 3.559. 10 ⁻⁷ |
| | Not I | | 2.973. 10 ⁻⁷ |
| | Not $C(N452)$ | | 4.627. 10 ⁻⁶ |
| | Not $D(N504)$ | | 4.865. 10 ⁻⁶ |
| | Not $I(N503)$ | | 4.746. 10 ⁻⁶ |

5 Summary of the results

The keyword `FORCE_CONTOUR` used starting from the two orders `AFFE_CHAR_MECA` and `AFFE_CHAR_MECA_F` provides right results.