

## SSNP305 - Element of bar in compression - Appearance of a Summarized negative

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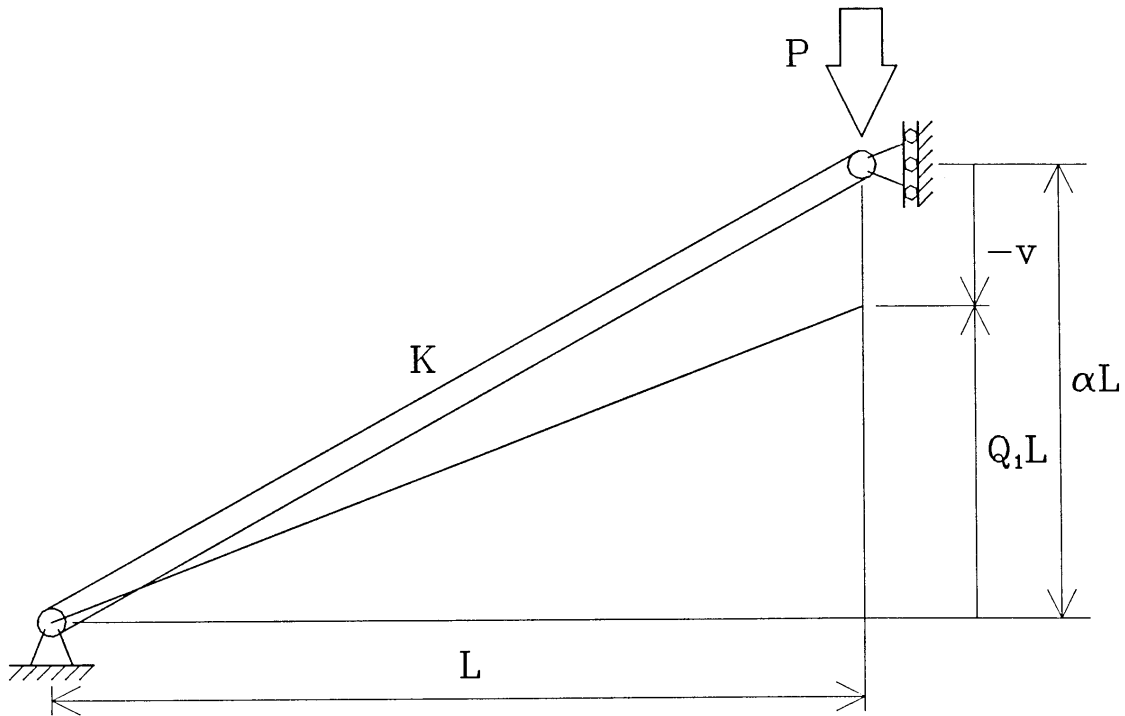
### **pivot:**

This test of linear quasi-static mechanics 2D consists in charging an element with bar in compression. On a side, the element is fixed according to the degrees of translation on a node. Other side, the element is fixed according to the second degree of translation on a node in order to model the sliding along a line. A a certain time the stiffness becomes negative (= negative slope). This test is drawn from guide NAFEMS (analytical solution). The structure will be charged by means of a control by displacement.

The plate is modelled by 12 plane elements (MECPQU4). The material has a linear behavior and one takes into account the geometric nonlinearities. One uses the key word factor "COMP\_ELAS" option "GREEN".

## 1 Problem of reference

### 1.1 Geometry



### 1.2 Material properties

isotropic elastic Material

$$E = 200000 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\nu = 0.0$$

### 1.3 Boundary conditions and loadings

Point:  $A$        $u_x = 0.$   
                    $u_y = 0.$

Point:  $B$        $u_x = 0.$

Loading by a force  $P$  on the point  $B$ . The force will be increased by means of a control by displacement of the point  $B$ .

$$L = 2500 \quad \alpha L = 2500$$

$$A = 250$$

## 2 Reference solution

### 2.1 Method of calculating used for the analytical reference solution

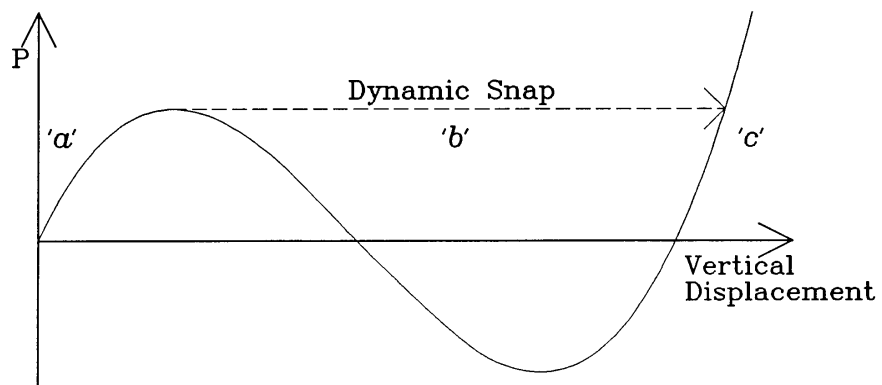
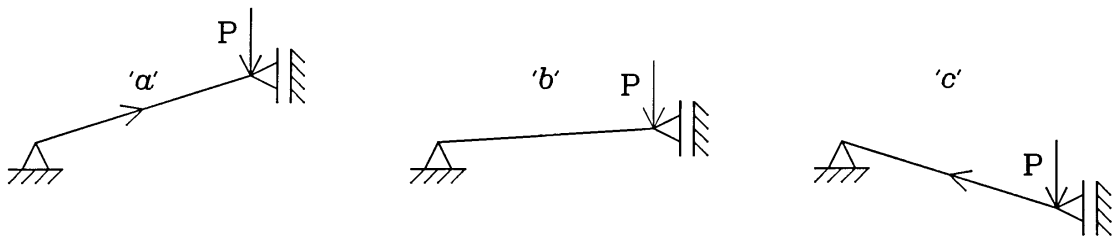
Solution.

### 2.2 Results of reference

vertical Displacement  $v = (Q_1 - \alpha) L$

Strain "GREEN"

$$P = -EAQ_1 \left[ \frac{Q_1^2 - \alpha^2}{2(1 + \alpha^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right]$$

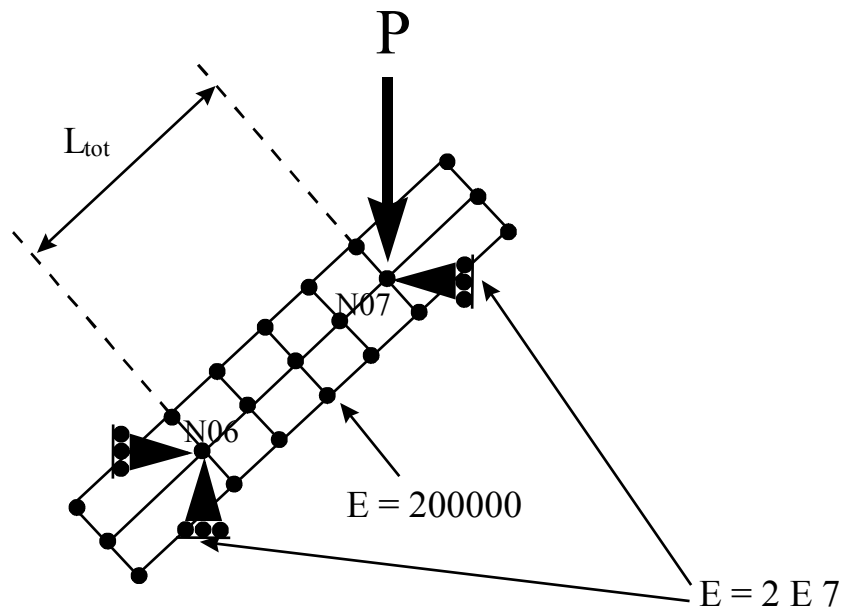


### 2.3 bibliographical References

- Benchmark tests for solution procedures for geometric non-linearity, NAFEMS, 1987

### 3 Modelization A

#### 3.1 Characteristic of the modelization A



Modelization in plane stresses: C\_PLAN

the loading and the boundary conditions are modelled by:

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DDL_IMPO: (THE NODE IS OUTSIDE THE FIELD OF DEFINITION WITH A RIGHT
PROFILE OF THE EXCLU TYPE NODE: N7 DX: 0.)
          (THE NODE IS OUTSIDE THE FIELD OF DEFINITION WITH A RIGHT
PROFILE OF THE EXCLU TYPE NODE: N1 DX: 0.DY : 0.)
```

In order to respect the best possible behavior of bar, one prolongs the length of the bar and one imposes on this surplus of matter a Young modulus of  $2E7 MPa$ .

The others meshes are affected face value of  $200000 MPa$ .

#### 3.2 Characteristics of the mesh

Many nodes: 21  
Number of meshes: 12 MECQU4

#### 3.3 Values tested

Identification	Reference
$FY(N7)$ to $DX = -250$	1511441
$FY(N7)$ to $DX = -500$	2545584
$FY(N7)$ to $DX = -750$	3155464

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$FY(N7)$	to	3401961
$DX = -1050$		
$FY(N7)$	to	2969848
$DX = -1500$		
$FY(N7)$	to	1697056
$DX = -2000$		
$FY(N7)$	to	0
$DX = -2500$		

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### 3.4 Remarks

the application of the loading are carried out with 100 increments.

## 4 Summary of the results

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the results provided by Aster are in perfect agreement with the reference solution.