

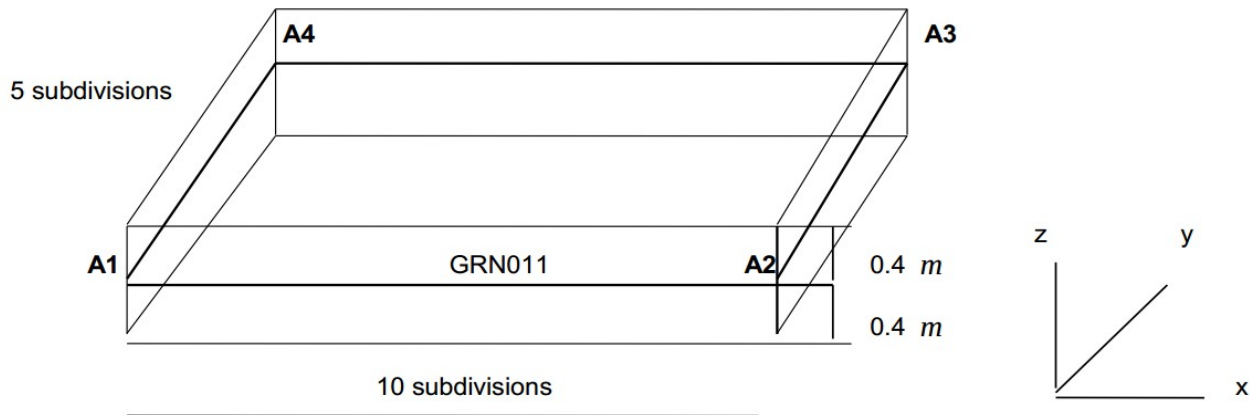
SSLS141 – Summarized shears and flexbeam

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The purpose of this test is to validate the response in shears of the elements shells DST (QUAD4) and Q4G (QUAD4).

1 Problem of reference

1.1 Geometry



the coordinates of the points are given in meters (m):

$$\begin{array}{ll} A1(0,0,0) & A3(10,5,0) \\ A2(10,0,0) & A4(0,5,0) \end{array}$$

Table 1.1-1

the thickness of the plate is $e=0,8 m$

1.2 Properties of the material

the material has an isotropic elastic behavior:

Young modulus: $E=200000 MPa$

Poisson's ratio: $\nu=0$

1.3 Boundary conditions and loadings

the edge $A1A4$ is clamped.

One applies a nodal force $Fz=-1000 N$ to the edge $A2A3$.

1.4 Modelizations

the various modelizations are:

Standard	modelization of element	Meshes	Many elements of mesh
A	DST	QUAD4	50
B	DST	QUAD4	50

Warning : The translation process used on this website is a "Machine Translation". It may be imprecise and inaccurate in whole or in part and is provided as a convenience.

	(multi-layer, $ncou=2$)		
C	Q4G	QUAD4	800
D	Q4G (multi-layer, $ncou=2$)	QUAD4	800
E	DST	TRIA3 (regular mesh)	1600
F	DST	TRIA3 (irregular mesh)	1600

Table 1.4-1

2 Quantities and

2.1 result Reference solution of analytical

2.1.1 Model reference of the plate

One considers that the response of the plate corresponds to the response of a beam out of cantilever (because $\nu=0$). In this case, the displacement of the plate is given by displacements of each section of plate, according to the direction $x(u)$, $z(w)$ and their rotation compared to the axis $y(\theta_y)$.

$$U_x(x, z) = u(x) + z\theta_y(x) \quad U_z(x, z) = w(x)$$

In any point, the strains are:

$$\varepsilon_{xx}(x, z) = u' + z\theta_y' \quad \text{and} \quad 2\varepsilon_{xz}(x, z) = \theta_y + w' = \gamma_z$$

the beam is embedded in $x=0$ and subjected to a vertical force F in $x=L$.

The resolution (principle of the virtual works and equilibrium of the forces) give the statement of the forces generalized in the case of an elastic linear response:

N is the thrust load, M_y the moment along the axis y and T the shears.

$$\begin{aligned} N(x) &= EAu'(x) & \text{and} & & N(x) &= 0 \\ M_y(x) &= EI\theta_y'(x) & & & M_y(x) &= -F(L-x) \\ T(x) &= GkA\gamma_z & & & T(x) &= F \end{aligned}$$

where the parameter k is the factor of correction in shears

with the boundary conditions, one of deduced displacements u, w et θ_y :

$$u(x) = 0, \quad w(x) = \frac{F}{6EI}x^2(3L-x) + \frac{Fx}{GkA}, \quad \theta_y(x) = \frac{F}{EI} \frac{x(x-2L)}{2}$$

the strains and stresses are:

$$\begin{aligned} \varepsilon_{xx} &= z \frac{-F}{EI}(L-x) & \text{and} & & \sigma_{xx} &= z \frac{-F}{I}(L-x) \\ 2\varepsilon_{xz} &= \frac{F}{GkA} = \gamma_z & \text{and} & & \sigma_{xz} &= \frac{-F}{A} \left(\frac{z^2}{h^2} - 1/4 \right) \end{aligned}$$

where h is the height of the plate. The distribution of shear stresses is parabolic in the thickness of the plate to observe the conditions of free surface

($\sigma_{xz}(z=h/2) = \sigma_{xz}(z=-h/2) = 0$).

The vertical response in displacement of the point $x=L$ is:

$$U_z(L) = \frac{F}{3EI}L^3 + \frac{FL}{GkA}$$

2.2 Uncertainties on the solution

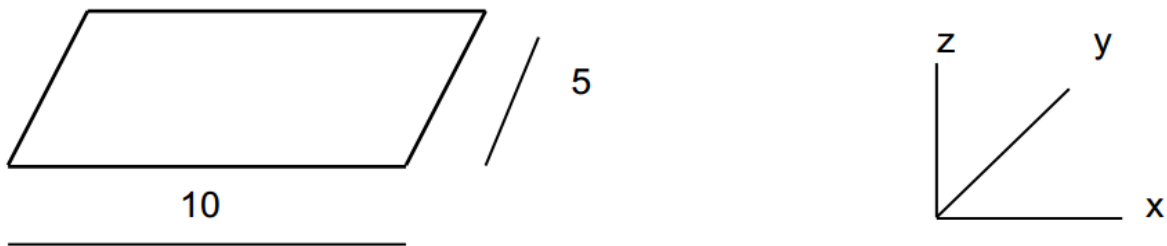
the reference solution is analytical. There is thus no uncertainty.

3 Modelization A

3.1 Characteristic of the modelization

The model consists of 1 plate with a layer.
The elements used are shell elements *DST*.

3.2 Characteristics of the mesh



The mesh is regular. There are 10 subdivisions according to x and 5 subdivisions according to y ; that is to say on the whole 50 meshes *DSQ* (QUAD4) and 66 nodes.

3.3 Quantities tested and Standard

Identification	results of reference	Values of reference	Tolerance
DZ (A3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.001
MXX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.001
QX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1000	0.001
SIXX (M1 , PT1 , SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M1 , PT1 , SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	1981.17	0.001
SIXZ (M1 , PT1 , SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M1 , PT1 , SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M50 , PT2 , SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M50 , PT2 , SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	91768.83	0.001
SIXZ (M50 , PT2 , SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M50 , PT2 , SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M50 , PT2 , SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M50 , PT2 , SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	4.58844E-07	0.001

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EPXZ (M50 , PT2 , SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001
EPXZ(M50 , PT2 , SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001

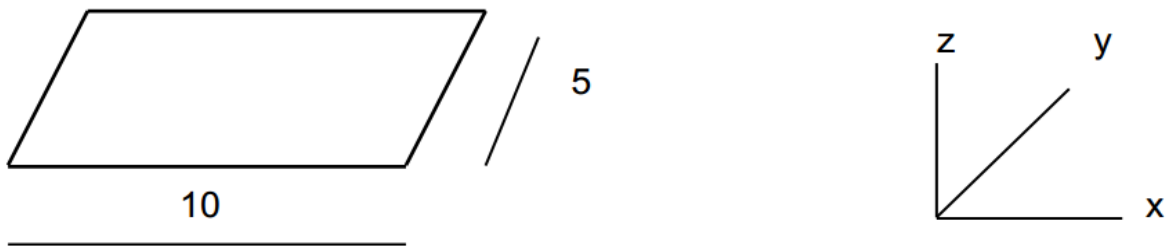
Table 3.3-1

4 Modelization B

4.1 Characteristic of the modelization

The model consist of 1 plate with 2 layers.
The elements used are shell elements DST.

4.2 Characteristics of the mesh



The mesh is regular. There are 10 subdivisions according to x and 5 subdivisions according to y ; i.e. a total of 50 meshes DST (QUAD4) and 66 nodes.

4.3 Quantities tested and Standard

Identification	results of reference	Values of reference	Tolerance
DZ (A3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.001
MXX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.001
QX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1000	0.001
SIXX (M1, PT1, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	0.	1.0E-8
SIXX (M1, PT1, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	1981.17	0.001
SIXZ (M1, PT1, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M1, PT1, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M50, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M50, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	91768.83	0.001
SIXZ (M50, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M50, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M50, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M50, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	4.58844E-07	0.001
EPXZ (M50, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001
EPXZ (M50, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001

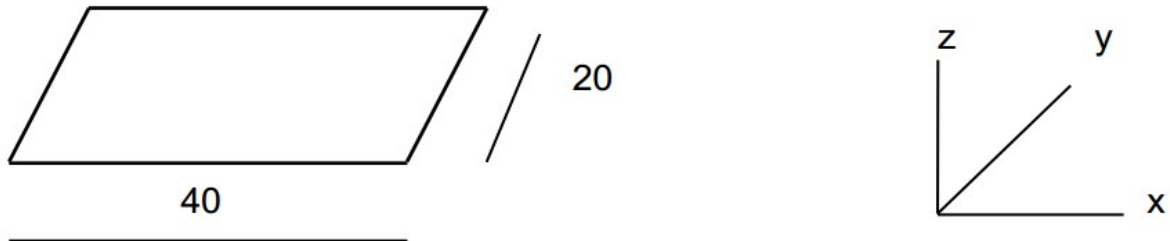
Table 4.3-1

5 Modelization C

5.1 Characteristic of the modelization

The model consists of 1 plate with a layer.
The elements used are shell elements Q4G.

5.2 Characteristics of the mesh



The mesh is regular. There are 40 subdivisions according to x and 20 subdivisions according to y ; i.e. a total of 800 meshes Q4G (QUAD4) and 861 nodes.

5.3 Quantities tested and Standard

Identification	results of reference	Values of reference	Tolerance
DZ (A3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.001
MXX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.02
QX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1000	0.001
SIXX (M141, PT1, SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M141, PT1, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	2839.04	0.3
SIXZ (M141, PT1, SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M141, PT1, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M901, PT2, SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	93254.70	0.01
SIXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M901, PT2, SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	4.66273E-07	0.01
EPXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001
EPXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001

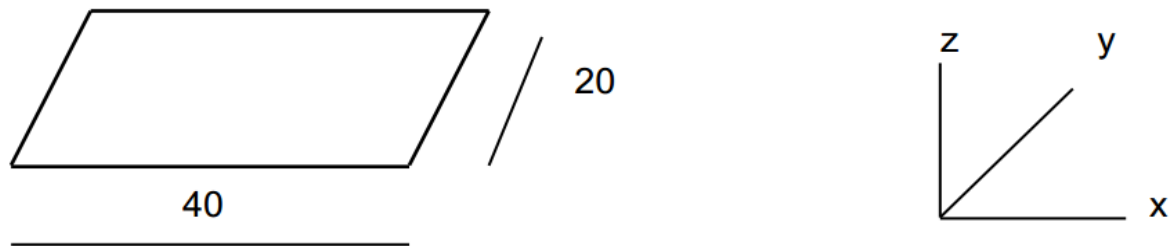
Table 5.3-1

6 Modelization D

6.1 Characteristic of the modelization

The model consist of 1 plate with 2 layers.
The elements used are shell elements Q4G.

6.2 Characteristics of the mesh



The mesh is regular. There are 40 subdivisions according to x and 20 subdivisions according to y ; i.e. a total of 800 meshes Q4G (QUAD4) and 861 nodes.

6.3 Quantities tested and Standard

Identification	results of reference	Values of reference	Tolerance
DZ (A3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.001
MXX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.02
QX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1000	0.001
SIXX (M141, PT1, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M141, PT1, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	2839.04	0.3
SIXZ (M141, PT1, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M141, PT1, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
SIXX (M901, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	93254.70	0.01
SIXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-1875.0	0.001
SIXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"		0.0.1.0E-8
EPXX (M901, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	4.66273E-07	0.01
EPXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001
EPXZ (M901, PT2, SSPT6)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-7.5E-09	0.001

Table 6.3-1

7 Modelization E

7.1 Characteristic of the modelization

The model consist of 1 plate with 1 layer.
The elements used are shell elements DST.

7.2 Characteristics of the mesh

The mesh is regular. There are 40 subdivisions according to x and 20 subdivisions according to y ;
i.e. a total of 1600 meshes DST (TRIA3) and 861 nodes.

7.3 Quantities tested and Standard

Identification	results of reference	Values of reference	Tolerance
DZ (A3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.13
DZ (A2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.13
MXX (A4)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.33
MXX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.02

Table 7.3-1

8 Modelization F

8.1 Characteristic of the modelization

The model consists of 1 plate with 1 layer.
The elements used are shell elements `DST`.

8.2 Characteristics of the mesh

The mesh is free. There are 1600 meshes `DST (TRIA3)` and 853 nodes.

8.3 Quantities tested and Standard

Identification	results of reference	Values of reference	Tolerance
DZ (A3)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.011
DZ (A2)	"ANALYTIQUE"	-3.92125E-05	0.009
MXX (A4)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.053
MXX (A1)	"ANALYTIQUE"	10000	0.022

Table 8.3-1

9 Summary of the results

- For a plate with one or more layers, elements `DST (QUAD4)` give good estimates of displacements, generalized forces, strains and forced (Modelization A and B).
- For a finer mesh, elements `Q4G (QUAD4)` lead to errors a little more important, in particular for axial stresses `SIXX (Modelization C and D)`.
- Two element types `DST (QUAD4)` and `Q4G (QUAD4)` respectively give the same results with one (Modelization A and C) or two layers (Modelization B and D).
- Elements `DST (TRIA3)` give results much less good (Modelizations E and F). In particular one highlights important effects of mesh: the modelizations E and F have the same number of elements but the mesh E is regulated whereas the mesh F is free. The error on the deflection is of 13 % for E and 1 % for F. One notes similar variations at the time. There is also a strong dissymmetry at the time between the points `A1` and `A4` for the 2 meshes. This is with the fact that the meshes are not symmetric compared to the loading. On a symmetric mesh the problem does not appear any more. This element thus has a behavior in bending very depend on the mesh, which undoubtedly deserves a thorough study.