

## Data format sd\_proj\_mesu

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### Summarized:

The data structure `sd_proj_mesu` is attached to data structures resulting from `PROJ_MESU_MODAL` or `MACR_ELEM_STAT` (if key words `PROJ_MESU` and `MODE_MESURE` are indicated).

It is used by `DEPL_INTERNE` for the computation of the field at the points of measurement (sensors) starting from the computed field with the nodes of the super-mesh produced by `MACR_ELEM_STAT`.

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## 1 General information

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the data structure `sd_proj_mesu` are attached to data structures resulting from `PROJ_MESU_MODAL` or data structure resulting from `MACR_ELEM_STAT` (if key words `PROJ_MESU` and `MODE_MESURE` are indicated).

It is used for the creation of a super-mesh resulting from measurement.

This super-mesh is obtained while launching `PROJ_MESU_MODAL` and `MACR_ELEM_STAT` successively.

`DEPL_INTERNE` also uses it for the computation of information at the points of measurement (sensors) starting from the information calculated with the nodes of the super-mesh.

## 2 The operators who use this data structure

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Two operators can create a `sd_proj_mesu` : the operator `PROJ_MESU_MODAL` and operator `MACR_ELEM_STAT`.

In `PROJ_MESU_MODAL`, `sd_proj_mesu` contains information on the points of measurement, the direction sensitive of the sensors and the reduction of projection base to the `ddls` sensors.

If key words `PROJ_MESU` and `MODE_MESURE` are indicated in command `MACR_ELEM_STAT`, operator `MACR_ELEM_STAT` makes use of a data structure `sd_proj_mesu` created by `PROJ_MESU_MODAL` and stores in a news `sd_proj_mesu` information concerning the external `ddls`. It contains the reduction of projection base to the external `ddls`, the eigen modes identified and the condensation of the eigen modes identified with the external `ddls`.

These data structures can then be used by `DEPL_INTERNE` for the computation of displacements to the nodes sensors starting from displacements with the external nodes (nodes of the super-mesh).

## 3 Tree structure of Data format

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the `sd_proj_mesu` (K18):: = record

```
♦      ".PJMNO"           :   OJB  S   V   I
♦      ".PJMRG"           :   OJB  S   V  K8
♦      ".PJMBP"           :   OJB  S   V   R
♦      ".PJMRF"           :   OJB  S   V  K16

/# if PROJ_MESU_MODAL:
♦      ".PJMOR"           :   OJB  S   V   R

/# if MACR_ELEM_STAT:
♦      ".PJMMM"           :   OJB  S   V   R or C
♦      ".PJMIG"           :   OJB  S   V   R
```

## 4 Contained JEVEUX objects

### 4.1 Object .PJMNO

In PROJ\_MESU\_MODAL , this object contains the list of the numbers of the nodes where the sensors are located. A sensor measures the component of the field in a point following a given direction. Several sensors can be localised with only one node.

PJMNO (1) : number of the node associated with the sensor number 1  
PJMNO (2) : number of the node associated with the sensor number 2  
...

the working length ( LONUTI ) with this object is equal to the number of sensors ( nbcapt ).

If key words PROJ\_MESU and MODE\_MESURE are indicated in MACR\_ELEM\_STAT, the sd\_proj\_mesu produced by MACR\_ELEM\_STAT contains the list of the numbers of the external nodes. And the working length ( LONUTI ) is equal to the external number of d.o.f. ( nddle ) of the macro-element.

### 4.2 Object .PJMRG

In PROJ\_MESU\_MODAL , this object contains the name of the sensitive component of the sensor: "DX", "DY", "DZ", "D1", "D2", "D3",...

"D1", "D2", "D3" are the directions defined during the reading of the data measured by LIRE\_RESU on the dataset 58 (U7.02.01).

In MACR\_ELEM\_STAT , it contains the name of the component of the external d.o.f.

The length of this object is identical to the length of .PJMNO .

PJMRG (1) : name of the component associated with sensor 1  
(or name of the component of the external d.o.f. 1)  
PJMRG (2) : name of the component associated with sensor 2  
(or name with the component with the external d.o.f. 2)  
...

### 4.3 Object .PJMBP

This object contains the reduction of projection base to the ddls specified by couple .PJMNO and .PJMRG.

If PROJ\_MESU\_MODAL :

LONUTI = nbcapt\*nbmode  
the reduced base is obtained by the product:  $L_{capt} \phi_{proj}$

If MACR\_ELEM\_STAT :

LONUTI = nddle\*nbmode  
the reduced base is obtained by the product:  $L_{ext} \phi_{proj}$

With:

$L_{capt}$  : indicate the matrix of localization of the ddls sensors

$L_{ext}$  : indicate the matrix of localization of the external ddls  
 $\phi_{proj}$  : indicate projection base (nddl, nbmode)  
nddl : number of ddls of model "the support"  
nbmode : many basic vectors of projection base

PJMBP (1) : projection of the first vector of the base on component PJMRG (1)  
of node PJMNO (1)  
PJMBP (2) : projection of the first vector of the base on component PJMRG (2)  
of node PJMNO (2)  
...  
PJMBP (LONUTI) : projection of the first vector of the base on component PJMRG (LONUTI)  
of node PJMNO (LONUTI)  
PJMBP (LONUTI+1) : projection of the 2nd vector of the base on component PJMRG (1)  
of node PJMNO (1)  
...  
PJMBP (LONUTI\*nbmode) : projection of the nbmode-ième vector of the base on  
component PJMRG (LONUTI) of node PJMNO (LONUTI)

## 4.4 Object . PJMRF

This object contains the names of the concepts used:

PJMRF (1) : name of the model "measures"  
PJMRF 2) ( : name of the field measured ("DEPL", "QUICKLY", "ACCE", "SIEF\_\*", "EPSI\_\*")  
PJMRF (3) : name of projection base  
PJMRF (4) : name of the concept which contains identified eigen modes  
(argument of key word MODE\_MESURE of MACR\_ELEM\_STAT)  
PJMRF (5) : name of the concept created by PROJ\_MESU\_MODAL, used for the computation of  
the super-mesh (argument of key word PROJ\_MESU of MACR\_ELEM\_STAT).

Note:

| PJMRF (4) and PJMRF (5) are not indicated if computation PROJ\_MESU\_MODAL.

## 4.5 Object . PJMOR

This object is created only during a computation with PROJ\_MESU\_MODAL .

It indicates the significant direction of the sensor.

The length of this object is equal to three times the length of. PJMNO .

PJMOR (1) : projection according to DX of the significant direction of the sensor number 1  
PJMOR (2) : projection following DY significant direction of the sensor number 1  
PJMOR (3) : projection according to DZ of the significant direction of the sensor number 1  
PJMOR (4) : projection according to DX of the significant direction of the sensor number 2  
PJMOR (5) : projection following DY significant direction of the sensor number 2  
PJMOR (6) : projection according to DZ of the significant direction of the sensor number 2  
...

## 4.6 Object .PJMMM

This object is created only by MACR\_ELEM\_STAT . It contains the nbmoid identified eigen modes arranged according to couple .PJMNO and .PJMRG of the sd\_proj\_mesu given by PJMRF (5) .

The length of the vector is nbcapt\*nbmoid

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| PJMMM (1)             | component first identified mode following the significant direction of sensor 1                    |
| PJMMM (2)             | component of the first identified mode following the significant direction of the sensor 2         |
| ...                   |  |
| PJMMM (nbcapt)        | component of the first identified mode following the significant direction of the sensor nbcapt    |
| PJMMM (nbcapt+1)      | component of the 2nd identified mode following the significant direction of sensor 1               |
| ...                   |  |
| PJMMM (nbcapt*nbmoid) | component of the nbmoid-ième mode identified suivant la significant direction of the sensor nbcapt |

## 4.7 Object .PJMIG

This object is created only by MACR\_ELEM\_STAT .

The length of the vector is nbmoid\*nddle

It contains the generalized reverse of the matrix A, defined by the following relation:

$$A = L_{ext} \phi_{proj} [\phi_{proj}^T L_{capt}^T L_{capt} \phi_{proj}]^{-1} \phi_{proj}^T L_{capt}^T \phi_{id}$$

Where:

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| $L_{ext}$     | : indicate the matrix of localization of the external ddls           |
| $\phi_{proj}$ | : indicate projection base (nddl, nbmode)                            |
| $L_{capt}$    | : indicate the matrix of localization of the ddls sensors            |
| $\phi_{id}$   | : indicate the matrix of the identified eigen modes (nbcapt, nbmoid) |

One can interpret A this matrix as being condensation with the external ddls of the identified eigen modes.